Term 1 Curriculum Overview

Year 2

	Mathematics	Reading	Writing	Concept
Week 1 Jan 31				
Week 2 Feb 5	Learning to Learn - Mathematics Lesson Structures, Problem Solving, Warm Ups, Growth Mindset, Feelings towards Maths, Workbook expectations, Number Talks	Learning to Learn - Reading Class Library, Choosing a Just Right Book, Independent Reading, Comprehension Strategies, Reading Conferences, Reading Groups, Fluency	Learning to Learn - Writing Lesson Structure, Writers' Notebook, Workbook expectations, Writing Process, Writing Traits Exploration	Enduring Understanding: Problem solving is important for thinking and learning. → I can reflect on my personal reactions
Week 3 Feb 12				
Week 4 Feb 19				
Week 5 Feb 26	Place Value Months, Seasons & Calendars	Decoding MSV Fluency Text Structure & Purpose Comprehension	Ideas Organisation Conventions	to a problem and how it affects my thinking → I can find similarities and differences between my ideas and others' ideas.
Week 6 Mar 4	Place Value Months, Seasons & Calendars	Decoding MSV Fluency Text Structure & Purpose Comprehension	Ideas Organisation Conventions	 → I can give reasons and examples to support my ideas while problem solving → I can explore strategies to learn and remember information.
Week 7 Mar 11	Place Value Data	Decoding MSV Fluency Text Structure & Purpose Comprehension	Ideas Organisation Conventions	Learning Targets: Planning Repetition Rewording Memorisation
Week 8 Mar 18	Place Value Data	Decoding MSV Fluency Text Structure & Purpose Comprehension	Ideas Organisation Conventions	Mnemonics
Week 9 Mar 25	Place Value Data	Decoding MSV Fluency Text Structure & Purpose Comprehension	Ideas Organisation Conventions	

Where a learning cycle appears for the first time, students will generally undertake some form of pre-assessment. This may be in the form of a 'quick check', an academic game or another form of student work sample.

Where learning cycles are outlined to be completed is where post-testing is likely to occur. Teaching teams also engage with formative assessment throughout learning cycles with students.

Term 1 Curriculum Overview: Mathematics

Year 2

	Essential Learning	Learning Targets	
Weeks 4 - 9	Place Value Students model, read, write, order and represent 3 digit numbers using their understanding of place value parts.	 → I can use my place value knowledge to compare and order numbers to 1,000 → I can rename/regroup numbers up to 1,000 → I can partition numbers to 1 000 into their place value parts → I can model numbers up to 1,000 as thousands, hundreds, tens and ones → I can read and write numerals up to 1,000, showing an understanding of the role of zero in place value notation → I can recall the backward and forward number word sequence to 1,000, from any starting point 	
Weeks 4 - 6	Months, Seasons & Calendars Students use calendars to identify important information, and can order the months of the year and seasons.	 → I can use a calendar to locate specific information - cultural or personal → I can use a calendar to determine the number of days in each month → I can identify the date using a calendar → I can group the months into the correct seasons → I can name and order the months of the year 	
Weeks 7 - 9	Data Students collect and display data in a variety of ways, interpreting their results.		

Term 1 Curriculum Overview: Reading

Year 2

Essential Learning		Learning Targets	
Weeks 4 - 9	Decoding I can recognise an increasing range of English phonemes and sound–letter combinations.	I can (using an "at" level text): → I know short and long vowel sounds. → I can recognise a range of blends (suffixes) → I can read words with silent letters → I can read words with less common sound letter combinations EG: 'ight' as in 'light' → I can read words by recognising common letter combinations EG: 'tion' as in 'fraction' → I can recognise and read 300+ High Frequency words within continuous text → I can use text clues to infer an unknown word, in order to read unfamiliar words. (reading on and context)	
Weeks 4 - 9	MSV I can think about whether my reading sounds right, looks right and makes sense.	 → I can use visual clues, like clusters of letters to help me read words. EG: "I know the word is tree because there is a picture of a tree and the first two letters make the sound tr" → I can listen to the words I read and check to see if they sound right in the sentence. EG: "I read 'she rans in the park' when I know that words need to be 'ran' because there is no word that is 'rans'" → I can listen to the words I read and check if they make sense in the sentence. EG: "I read the word 'desert' because I asked myselfwhere is there no rain and its very hot" → I can combine visual, structure and meaning strategies to decode the words I read. → I can use decoding strategies to self correct errors while reading. 	
Weeks 4 - 9	Fluency I can fluently read an expected level text.	 → I can read some unknown texts with phrasing and fluency. → I can vary my tone, pausing, stress and rate based on punctuation and meaning → I can read accurately by using decoding strategies to self correct errors while reading. → I can adjust my volume appropriately for my audience. → I can attempt to use expression when reading a familiar text. 	
Weeks 4 - 9	Text Structure & Purpose I can identify the purpose of a text by recognising its language features and structure.	 → I can explore similarities and differences between two genres on the same topic (e.g. language, structure, etc) Reading a narrative and information report on elephants and comparing and contrasting using a Venn Diagram. → I can describe a text's purpose as being to persuade, inform or entertain → I can identify the features of: - persuasive texts - narratives → I can explain whether a text is fiction or nonfiction using its feature 	

Weeks 4 - 9

Comprehension Strategies

I can use comprehension strategies to understand what I read.

- Predicting
- Making Connections
- Summarising

Predicting

→ I can make, check and revise my predictions before, during and after I read.

Making Connections

- → I can make text to self and text to text connections.
- → I can discuss similarities and differences between texts.

Summarising

- → I can summarise the sequence of events in a fictional text.
- → I can discuss the problem of the main character in a fictional text and how that was resolved.
- → I can recall some important facts from a non fiction text.

Term 1 Curriculum Overview: Writing

Year 2

	Essential Learning	Learning Targets
Weeks 4 - 9	Ideas The piece's content – its central message and details that support that message	 → I can refine my ideas (select & discard) to suit a range of familiar audiences and purposes → I can include images to support the ideas in my writing → I can include 4 or more simple ideas, that are clearly connected → I can convey a message when writing to persuade → I can convey a message when writing to inform → I can convey a message when writing imaginatively/to entertain → I can innovate on and develop characters and events from known texts
Weeks 4 - 9	Organisation The internal structure of the piece – the thread of logic, the pattern of meaning.	 → I am beginning to group related ideas into paragraphs → I consistently use basic text connectives such as: 'and' 'then' as well as time connectives (e.g. first, then, next, after) to sequence ideas and events across my writing. → My writing has a clear body/middle which includes simple but clearly connected ideas → I include a simple introduction or beginning to orientate my reader → I can consistently sequence my sentences to reflect a logical flow of ideas appropriate to the task or topic.
Weeks 4 - 9	Conventions: Spelling & Grammar The mechanical correctness of the piece. Correct use of conventions guides the reader through the text easily.	 → I can use common homophones correctly (e.g. two, too, to) → I can accurately write simple present, past and future tenses to represent processes, maintaining tense within a sentence. → I consistently write coherent, simple sentences with subject/verb/object agreement to express an idea or event → I am beginning to capitalise a wider range of proper nouns to include: key events, names of places and titles → I am beginning to use commas to separate items in a list of nouns. → I can reread and edit my writing to check for the correct use of capital letters (including mastered proper nouns), full stops, question marks and exclamation marks.